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09/884,336	06/19/2001	Darren Kerr	112025-0170	4795
24267	7590	10/05/2005	EXAMINER	
CESARI AND MCKENNA, LLP 88 BLACK FALCON AVENUE BOSTON, MA 02210			MILLS, DONALD L	
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			2662	

DATE MAILED: 10/05/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

**Office Action Summary**

Application No.

09/884,336

Applicant(s)

KERR ET AL

Examiner

Donald L. Mills

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-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

**Period for Reply**

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

**Status**

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 19 June 2001.
- 2a) ☐ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

**Disposition of Claims**

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-20 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-20 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

**Application Papers**

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on \_\_\_\_\_ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.  
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).  
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

**Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119**

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some \* c) ☐ None of:
- ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
  - ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. \_\_\_\_\_.
  - ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

\* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

**Attachment(s)**

- 1) ☒ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
- 2) ☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
- 3) ☒ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)  
Paper No(s)/Mail Date 02/06/2003.
- 4) ☐ Interview Summary (PTO-413)  
Paper No(s)/Mail Date. \_\_\_\_\_.
- 5) ☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
- 6) ☐ Other: \_\_\_\_\_.

## DETAILED ACTION

### *Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112*

1. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

2. Claims 1-6 and 17-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Regarding claim 1, the claim specifies *storing event notifications that are triggered...* (See claim 1, lines 11-12.) It is unclear from the context of the claim whether the process of storing is triggered or the even notifications are triggered via queue availability. Further clarification and explanation is requested.

Regarding claim 3, the claim specifies *early forwarding of the packets* (See claim 3, line 2.) It is unclear from the context what comprises “early forwarding” since packets are transmitted in accordance with their scheduled time. The meaning of “early forwarding” is unclear from the context of the claim. Further clarification and explanation is requested.

Regarding claim 9, the claim specifies *a virtual time policer (VTP)* (See claim 9, lines 1-2.) The function of a “virtual time policer” is unclear from the context of the claim. Further clarification and explanation is requested.

Regarding claim 13, the claim specifies *a media link interface that references a media link* (See claim 13, lines 1-2.) However, it is unclear from the context of the claim how an

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interface can reference a link, since typically descriptions, such as an "identifier", act as references. Further clarification and explanation is requested.

Regarding claim 17, the claim specifies *if the queue is inactive for the CIR, activating the CIR and incrementing an aggregate CIR bandwidth for a media link* (See claim 17, lines 8-9.) It is unclear from the context why it would be necessary to not only "activate the CIR" but "increment the CIR" when the queue is empty? Further clarification and explanation is requested.

Regarding claim 20, the claim specifies *inserting the queue descriptor* (See claim 20, line 5.) The original and value of "queue descriptor" is unclear from the context of the claim. The claim further specifies *inserting the queue descriptor in the quantum... a next time slot and further in time* (See claim 20, lines 5-6.) It is unclear from the context if the queue descriptor is inserted in or all of the above. The claim further specifies *further in time as determined by a deferral heuristic* (See claim 20, line 7.) The meaning of a "deferral heuristic" is unclear from the context of the claim. Due to the vague and indefiniteness of claim 20, a proper art search could not be completed. Further clarification and explanation is requested.

### ***Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102***

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

4. Claims 1-4, 6-15, and 17-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Fan et al. (US 6,408,005 B1), hereinafter referred to as Fan.

Regarding claims 1, 7, and 10, Fan discloses a dynamic rate control scheduler for ATM networks, which comprises:

*Assigning committed information bit rate and excess information bit rate bandwidth values per queue, along with a shaped maximum bit rate per media link* (Referring to Figure 6, the DRC distributes bandwidth to support minimum guaranteed rate per stream and distributes any unused bandwidth to users based upon criteria. See column 8, lines 10-17.)

*Uniformly scaling the EIR bandwidths of all queues sharing a media link so that the sum of all scaled EIR bandwidths equals an available bandwidth of the shaped media link* (Referring to Figure 6, the DRC distributes bandwidth any unused bandwidth to users based upon weights assigned to the streams. The DRC utilizes a time wheel data structure implemented with each bin in the time wheel pointing to four linked lists, one for each priority level, of VC identifiers whose timestamps correspond to the bin label. During each time slot, the current time CT advances to point to the next bin. See column 8, lines 17-18 and column 18, lines 30-35.)

*Calculating when the queue is next eligible for servicing* (Referring to Figure 8, the queue activity is determined to select for servicing. See column 16, lines 6-9.)

*Storing event notifications that are triggered when a queue is eligible for serving* (Referring to Figure 8, timestamps are stored regarding the queue times for servicing in a timing wheel. See column 16, lines 40-50.)

Regarding claim 2, Fan discloses *wherein the step of storing comprises the step of providing a timing wheel having a plurality of fields per time slot, wherein the fields represent*

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*different service priorities of queues* (Referring to Figure 8, a time wheel data structure is implemented with each bin in the time wheel pointing to four linked lists, one for each priority level, of VC identifiers whose timestamps correspond to the bin label. See column 18, lines 30-33.)

Regarding claim 3, Fan discloses *wherein the step of providing a timing wheel comprises the step of configuring pointers to the queues to enable early forwarding of the packets to thereby obviate overhead incurred when searching the timing wheel for other references to the packets* (Referring to Figure 8, a time wheel data structure is implemented with each bin in the time wheel pointing to four linked lists, one for each priority level, of VC identifiers whose timestamps correspond to the bin label. During each time slot, the current time CT advances to point to the next bin. See column 18, lines 30-35.)

Regarding claims 4 and 11, Fan discloses *wherein the step of providing a timing wheel further comprises organizing the timing wheel as a contiguous array of time slots containing pointers to linked lists* (Referring to Figure 8, a time wheel data structure is implemented with each bin in the time wheel pointing to four linked lists, one for each priority level, of VC identifiers whose timestamps correspond to the bin label. During each time slot, the current time CT advances to point to the next bin. See column 18, lines 30-35.)

Regarding claims 6 and 15, Fan discloses *wherein the step of providing a timing wheel further comprises organizing the timing wheel as a descriptor ring having a plurality of per-time-slot queues* (Referring to Figure 8, a time wheel data structure is implemented with each bin in the time wheel pointing to four linked lists, one for each priority level, of VC identifiers whose timestamps correspond to the bin label, logically equivalent to a descriptor ring. During

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each time slot, the current time CT advances to point to the next bin. See column 18, lines 30-35.)

Regarding claim 8, Fan discloses *wherein the queue scheduler comprises an EIR scaler that uniformly scales the EIR bandwidths of all queues sharing a media link so that the sum of all scaled EIR bandwidths equals an available bandwidth of the shaped media link* (Referring to Figure 6, the DRC distributes bandwidth any unused bandwidth to users based upon weights assigned to the streams; thereby, scaling to the available bandwidth of the link. See column 8, lines 17-18.)

Regarding claim 9, Fan discloses *wherein the queue scheduler further comprises a virtual time policer configured to determine whether the media links are compliant and to calculate when a queue is next eligible for servicing* (Referring to Figure 8, a time wheel data structure is implemented with each bin in the time wheel pointing to four linked lists, one for each priority level, of VC identifiers whose timestamps correspond to the bin label. During each time slot, the current time CT advances to point to the next bin. See column 18, lines 30-35.)

Regarding claim 12, Fan discloses *wherein the queue descriptor include a queue index that references a class queue of the queuing logic* (Referring to Figure 8, a time wheel data structure is implemented with each bin in the time wheel pointing to four linked lists, one for each priority level, (queue index that references a class of queue) of VC identifiers whose timestamps correspond to the bin label. During each time slot, the current time CT advances to point to the next bin. See column 18, lines 30-35.)

Regarding claim 13, Fan discloses *wherein the queue descriptors include a media link interface that references a media link coupled to the intermediate station* (Referring to Figure 8,

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a time wheel data structure is implemented with each bin in the time wheel pointing to four linked lists, one for each priority level, (queue index that references a class of queue) of VC identifiers whose timestamps correspond to the bin label. During each time slot, the current time CT advances to point to the next bin. Since, only one output link is shown the linked list inherently references the only output link coupled to the node. See column 18, lines 30-35.)

Regarding claim 14, Fan discloses *wherein the queue descriptors include a priority value indicating a priority level assigned to a queue* (Referring to Figure 8, a time wheel data structure is implemented with each bin in the time wheel pointing to four linked lists, one for each priority level, (queue index that references a class of queue) of VC identifiers whose timestamps correspond to the bin label. During each time slot, the current time CT advances to point to the next bin. See column 18, lines 30-35.)

Regarding claim 17, Fan discloses a dynamic rate control scheduler for ATM networks, which comprises:

*Notifying a queue scheduler when each packet is forwarded to a queue* (Referring to Figure 6, a given queue is scheduled when the queue is empty and a new cell arrives to the queue, inherently requiring notification of scheduler in order to process the packet. See column 16, lines 7-9;)

*Determining if the queue is inactive for a committed information bit rate and for an excess information bit rate* (Referring to Figure 6, a given queue is scheduled when the queue is empty and a new cell arrives to the queue, inherently requiring notification of scheduler in order to process the packet. See column 16, lines 7-9;)



*If the queue is inactive for the CIR, activating the CIR and incrementing an aggregate CIR bandwidth for a media link (Referring to Figure 6, if the measured QoS exceeds the target bandwidth, some of the bandwidth is taken away from the stream and made available to other streams which are in need of bandwidth. See column 21, lines 16-20;)*

*If the queue is not inactive for the CIR, activating the EIR rate and incrementing the aggregate EIR bandwidth for the link (Referring to Figure 6, if the measured QoS falls below the target QoS, more bandwidth is allocated to the stream based on the ratio of its perceived QoS to its target QoS. See column 21, lines 65-67 and column 22, lines 1-5;) and*

*Calculating an EIR scale factor of the link (Referring to Figure 6, if the measured QoS falls below the target QoS, more bandwidth is allocated to the stream based on the ratio of its perceived QoS to its target QoS. See column 21, lines 65-67 and column 22, lines 1-5.)*

Regarding claim 18, Fan discloses the method further comprising:

*Retrieving a queue descriptor from the timing wheel; Comparing a calculated link VTP timestamp of a media link queue with a current real time and burst value to ensure that collisions between an eligible queue and other queues do not cause the media link queue to exceed a configurable limit; If the media link queue does not exceed the configurable limit, issuing a dequeue command to the queuing logic for the eligible queue; In response to the command, dequeuing a packet from the eligible queue; Returning a length of the dequeued packet as dequeue status to the queue scheduler; and If the queue length is non-zero, sending the dequeued packet to a media controller for loading into the media link queue (Referring to Figure 6, a mechanism is provided whereby a queue is scheduled at its minimum guaranteed rate if its associated timestamp falls behind current time by a designated amount. Scheduling a queue at*

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its minimum guaranteed rate allows its timestamp to 'catch up' with the current time clock, by slowing down the rate at which the queue is being scheduled. See column 16, lines 40-50.)

Regarding claim 19, Fan discloses the method further comprising:

*Periodically sending depth threshold status of the media link queue to the queue scheduler; IF the depth threshold status indicates that there are more bits in the media link queue than the link VTP timestamp represents, incrementing the link VTP timestamp; Correlating the dequeue status with the issued dequeue command; If a dequeued byte count is non-zero, marking the queue as eligible for servicing; if the dequeued byte count is zero, deactivating one of the CIR and EIR of the queue; and decrementing one of the CIR and EIR aggregate bandwidths of the link (Referring to Figure 6, if the measured QoS exceeds the target bandwidth, some of the bandwidth is taken away from the stream and made available to other streams which are in need of bandwidth. See column 21, lines 16-20.)*

### ***Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103***

5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

6. Claim 5 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Fan et al. (US 6,408,005 B1), hereinafter referred to as Fan.

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Regarding claim 5 as explained in the rejection of claim 1, Fan discloses all of the claim limitations of claim 1 (parent claim).

Fan does not expressly disclose *wherein the contiguous array is a hash array and wherein the linked lists are hash lists.*

However, Fan teaches a time wheel data structure is implemented with each bin in the time wheel pointing to four linked lists, one for each priority level) of VC identifiers whose timestamps correspond to the bin label. During each time slot, the current time CT advances to point to the next bin (See column 18, lines 30-35.)

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to implement the bins of Fan's timing wheel as a hash array and the linked lists as hash lists. One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to do so in order to improve the efficiency of the timing wheel by minimizing search time through the tens of thousands of VCs as taught by Fan (See column 18, lines 26-27.)

7. Claim 16 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Fan et al. (US 6,408,005 B1), hereinafter referred to as Fan, in view of Gemar et al. (US 6,483,839 B1), hereinafter referred to as Gemar.

Regarding claim 16 as explained in the rejection statement of claim 7, Fan discloses all of the claim limitations of claim 7 (parent claim).

Fan does not disclose *wherein the descriptor ring comprises an array of time slots, wherein each slot contains a queue-depth index that references a tail of a list of descriptors.*

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Gemar discloses scheduling multiple and simultaneous traffic in guaranteed frame rate in ATM communication system, which comprises a linked list 64 of connections for VBR that moves out traffic by a head point in column 60 of queue 38 and a tail point in column 62 of queue 38 (See column 8, lines 5-8.)

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to implement the tail pointer of Gemar in the system of Fan. One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to do so in order to indicate the last transmission slot.

### *Conclusion*

8. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Donald L. Mills whose telephone number is 571-272-3094. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:00 AM to 4:30 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Hassan Kizou can be reached on 571-272-3088. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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Donald L Mills

*DL Mills*

September 30, 2005

*John Pezzlo*  
**JOHN PEZZLO**  
**PRIMARY EXAMINER**